



# Power supply, conduction, insulation and protection

ST

PAGES 462–467

Complete this Concept Review so you can keep a record of what you have learned.

## Definitions

- An electrical function is the role that a component plays in the control or transformation of electric current.
- Power supply is the electrical function performed by any component that can generate or provide an electric current in a circuit.
- Conduction is the electrical function performed by any component that can transmit electric current from one part of a circuit to another.
  
- Insulation is the electrical function performed by any component that prevents an electric current from flowing.
- Protection is the electrical function performed by any component that can automatically cut current flow in the event of a power surge.

## How two protective devices work

Fuse	Breaker
<p><i>The electric current crosses the fuse through a conductive filament. If the current intensity exceeds a certain level, the filament melts and breaks, preventing the current from flowing through the fuse.</i></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>	<p><i>In some breakers, the current passes through a bimetallic strip. When the current intensity exceeds a certain level, the strip becomes hot, it bends, and the connection is broken. A switch is thrown to restore circuit operation.</i></p> <p><i>Other breakers use an electromagnetic mechanism.</i></p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p> <p>_____</p>



## Various power supplies

Source	Description	Advantages	Disadvantages
Battery	The battery (technically, an electrochemical cell) is a device that transforms the energy from a chemical reaction into electrical energy.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Appliances that run on batteries are portable.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Batteries must be replaced after a certain time.</li> <li>When people throw out used batteries, the cells can contaminate the environment by leaking heavy metals.</li> </ul>
Electrical outlet	An outlet is designed to receive the prongs of an electric plug. The outlet contains contacts and is permanently connected to an electrical network.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Electrical outlets are a stable and long-lasting power supply.</li> <li>They generate very little greenhouse gas when supplied by hydroelectric dams, as in Québec.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The construction of hydroelectric dams causes flooding of vast areas of land.</li> <li>Appliances cannot be moved far from wall outlets.</li> <li>Appliances stop working in the event of a power cut.</li> </ul>
Photovoltaic cell	The photovoltaic cell (often called a solar cell) is an electronic device that generates an electric current when exposed to light.	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Photovoltaic cells can be used in isolated areas.</li> <li>They can power portable or mobile devices.</li> <li>They do not cause greenhouse gas emissions.</li> <li>They have a life span of 20 to 30 years.</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Their operation depends on sunny conditions.</li> <li>They are much more expensive to install than other sources of power.</li> </ul>